



Raiffeisen
Capital Management

Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities

(Original German name: Raiffeisen-HighTech-ESG-Aktien)

annual fund report

financial year Jun 1, 2023 – May 31, 2024

Note:

The audit opinion issued by KPMG Austria GmbH only applies for the full German-language version.

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Report for the financial year from Jun 1, 2023 to May 31, 2024

General fund information

ISIN	Tranche	Income class	Currency	Launch date
AT0000688841	Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities (R) A	income-distributing	EUR	Feb 28, 2002
AT0000A1U7J5	Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities (RZ) A	income-distributing	EUR	Apr 3, 2017
AT0000688858	Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities (R) T	income-retaining	EUR	Feb 28, 2002
AT0000A1U7H9	Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities (RZ) T	income-retaining	EUR	Apr 3, 2017
AT0000A2XN41	Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities (SZ) T ¹	income-retaining	EUR	Jun 1, 2022
AT0000A2R8R0	Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities (I) VTA	full income-retaining (outside Austria)	EUR	Jun 1, 2021
AT0000688866	Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities (R) VTA	full income-retaining (outside Austria)	EUR	Oct 29, 2002

¹ Tranche SZ is exclusively for investments within the scope of the Raiffeisen Banking Group's sustainable asset management.

Fund characteristics

Fund currency	EUR
Financial year	Jun 1 – May 31
Distribution/payment/reinvestment date	Aug 16
Type of fund	Investment fund pursuant to § 2 of the Austrian Investment Fund Act, InvFG (UCITS)
Effective management fee for the fund	I-Tranche (EUR): 1.000 % R-Tranche (EUR): 2.000 % RZ-Tranche (EUR): 1.000 % SZ-Tranche (EUR): 0.650 %
Custodian bank	Raiffeisen Bank International AG
Management company	Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. Mooslackengasse 12, A-1190 Vienna Tel. +43 1 71170-0 Fax +43 1 71170-761092 www.rcm.at Companies register number: 83517 w
Fund management	Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H.
Auditor	KPMG Austria GmbH

The fund is actively managed without reference to a benchmark.

Legal notice

The software used performs calculations on the basis of more than the two decimal places displayed. Minor discrepancies cannot be ruled out due to further calculations using published results.

The value of a unit is calculated by dividing the entire value of the investment fund inclusive of its income by the number of units. The total value of the investment fund is calculated on the basis of the current market prices of the securities, money market instruments and subscription rights in the fund plus the value of the fund's financial investments, cash holdings, credit balances, receivables and other rights net of its payables. That value will be calculated by the custodian bank.

The net assets are calculated in accordance with the following principles:

- a) The value of assets quoted or traded on a stock exchange or other regulated market shall be determined, in principle, on the basis of the most recently available price.
- b) Where an asset is not quoted or traded on a stock market or another regulated market or where the price for an asset quoted or traded on a stock market or another regulated market does not appropriately reflect its actual market value, the prices provided by reliable data providers or, alternatively, market prices for equivalent securities or other recognized market valuation methods shall be used.

Dear unitholder,

Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. is pleased to present its annual fund report for Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities for the financial year from Jun 1, 2023 to May 31, 2024. The accounting is based on the price calculation as of May 31, 2024.

Fund details

	May 31, 2022	May 31, 2023	May 31, 2024
Total fund assets in EUR	178,038,980.37	261,063,457.23	338,160,754.33
Net asset value/distributing units (R) (AT0000688841) in EUR	268.40	305.61	384.60
Issue price/distributing units (R) (AT0000688841) in EUR	268.40	305.61	384.60
Net asset value/distributing units (RZ) (AT0000A1U7J5) in EUR	187.11	214.74	272.90
Issue price/distributing units (RZ) (AT0000A1U7J5) in EUR	187.11	214.74	272.90
Net asset value/reinvested units (R) (AT0000688858) in EUR	361.08	417.45	536.26
Issue price/reinvested units (R) (AT0000688858) in EUR	361.08	417.45	536.26
Net asset value/reinvested units (RZ) (AT0000A1U7H9) in EUR	204.71	238.62	309.59
Issue price/reinvested units (RZ) (AT0000A1U7H9) in EUR	204.71	238.62	309.59
Net asset value/reinvested units (SZ) (AT0000A2XN41) in EUR	-	118.37	154.52
Issue price/reinvested units (SZ) (AT0000A2XN41) in EUR	-	118.37	154.52
Net asset value/fully reinvested units (I) (AT0000A2R8R0) in EUR	92.37	108.87	141.24
Issue price/fully reinvested units (I) (AT0000A2R8R0) in EUR	92.37	108.87	141.24
Net asset value/fully reinvested units (R) (AT0000688866) in EUR	417.71	487.50	626.25
Issue price/fully reinvested units (R) (AT0000688866) in EUR	417.71	487.50	626.25
		Aug 16, 2023	Aug 16, 2024
Distribution/unit (R) (A) EUR		6.0000	7.0000
Distribution/unit (RZ) (A) EUR		4.2500	6.0000
Outpayment/unit (R) (T) EUR		0.0000	0.0000
Outpayment/unit (RZ) (T) EUR		0.0000	0.0000
Outpayment/unit (SZ) (T) EUR		0.0000	0.0000
Reinvestment/unit (R) (T) EUR		0.0000	7.9856
Reinvestment/unit (RZ) (T) EUR		0.0000	7.2320
Reinvestment/unit (SZ) (T) EUR		0.0000	4.1839
Reinvestment/unit (I) (VTA) EUR		0.0000	3.2963
Reinvestment/unit (R) (VTA) EUR		0.0000	9.3270

The distribution will occur free-of-charge at the fund's paying agents.

Units in circulation

	Units in circulation on May 31, 2023	Sales	Repurchases	Units in circulation on May 31, 2024
AT0000688841 (R) A	34,085.175	3,538.987	-2,924.593	34,699.569
AT0000A1U7J5 (RZ) A	13,551.260	2,701.936	-2,310.924	13,942.272
AT0000688858 (R) T	308,649.188	57,295.088	-57,869.456	308,074.820
AT0000A1U7H9 (RZ) T	187,667.777	40,036.431	-35,649.605	192,054.603
AT0000A2XN41 (SZ) T	184,076.708	122,982.800	-193,417.424	113,642.084
AT0000A2R8R0 (I) VTA	34,560.239	10,819.171	-11,120.265	34,259.145
AT0000688866 (R) VTA	99,599.433	53,072.685	-34,601.462	118,070.656
Total units in circulation				814,743.149

Development of the fund assets and income statement

Performance in financial year (fund performance)

Distributing units (R) (AT0000688841)	
Net asset value per unit at start of financial year in EUR	305.61
Distribution on Aug 16, 2023 (net asset value: EUR 292.23) of EUR 6.0000, corresponds to 0.020532 units	
Net asset value per unit at end of financial year in EUR	384.60
Total value incl. units purchased through distribution (1.020532 x 384.60)	392.50
Net income/net reduction per unit	86.89
Performance of one unit during the financial year in %	28.43
Distributing units (RZ) (AT0000A1U7J5)	
Net asset value per unit at start of financial year in EUR	214.74
Distribution on Aug 16, 2023 (net asset value: EUR 205.74) of EUR 4.2500, corresponds to 0.020657 units	
Net asset value per unit at end of financial year in EUR	272.90
Total value incl. units purchased through distribution (1.020657 x 272.90)	278.54
Net income/net reduction per unit	63.80
Performance of one unit during the financial year in %	29.71
Reinvested units (R) (AT0000688858)	
Net asset value per unit at start of financial year in EUR	417.45
Net asset value per unit at end of financial year in EUR	536.26
Net income/net reduction per unit	118.81
Performance of one unit during the financial year in %	28.46
Reinvested units (RZ) (AT0000A1U7H9)	
Net asset value per unit at start of financial year in EUR	238.62
Net asset value per unit at end of financial year in EUR	309.59
Net income/net reduction per unit	70.97
Performance of one unit during the financial year in %	29.74
Reinvested units (SZ) (AT0000A2XN41)	
Net asset value per unit at start of financial year in EUR	118.37
Net asset value per unit at end of financial year in EUR	154.52
Net income/net reduction per unit	36.15
Performance of one unit during the financial year in %	30.54

Fully reinvested units (I) (AT0000A2R8R0)

Net asset value per unit at start of financial year in EUR	108.87
Net asset value per unit at end of financial year in EUR	141.24
Net income/net reduction per unit	32.37

Performance of one unit during the financial year in %
29.73
Fully reinvested units (R) (AT0000688866)

Net asset value per unit at start of financial year in EUR	487.50
Net asset value per unit at end of financial year in EUR	626.25
Net income/net reduction per unit	138.75

Performance of one unit during the financial year in %
28.46

The performance is calculated assuming wholesale reinvestment of distributed/paid-out amounts at their net asset value on the distribution/payment date.

The Depotbank calculates the unit value separately for each unit certificate class. Discrepancies may arise in the annual performance figures for individual unit certificate classes.

The performance is calculated by Raiffeisen KAG on the basis of published fund prices, using the method developed by OeKB (Österreichische Kontrollbank AG). Individual costs such as transaction fees, the subscription fee, the redemption fee, the custody charges of the investor and taxes are not included in the performance calculation. If included, these would lead to a lower performance. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. Markets could develop very differently in the future. Based on the illustration, you can assess how the fund was managed in the past.

Development of fund assets in EUR

Fund assets on May 31, 2023 (862,189.780 units)	261,063,457.23
Distribution on Aug 16, 2023 (EUR 6.0000 x 34,407.240 distributing units (R) (AT0000688841))	-206,443.44
Distribution on Aug 16, 2023 (EUR 4.2500 x 14,005.430 distributing units (RZ) (AT0000A1U7J5))	-59,523.08
Issuance of units	88,293,128.04
Redemption of units	-80,931,645.57
Pro rata income adjustment	-586,460.73
Overall fund result	70,588,241.88
Fund assets on May 31, 2024 (814,743.149 units)	338,160,754.33

Fund result in EUR

A. Realized fund result

Ordinary fund result	
Income (excl. closing price)	
Interest income	88,030.17
Dividend income (incl. dividend equivalent)	898,643.88
	986,674.05
Expenses	
Management fees	-4,856,548.33
Custodian bank fees / Custodian's fees	-247,322.14
Auditing costs	-11,232.01
Expenses for tax advice / tax representation	-1,841.31
Custody charge	-108,289.32
Publicity costs, regulatory fees	-11,448.62
Costs associated with foreign sales	-26,815.36
Cost of advisers and other service providers	-10,547.92
Sustainability research / associated with engagement process	-9,777.26
Research expenses	-19,807.76
	-5,303,630.03
Ordinary fund result (excl. income adjustment)	-4,316,955.98
Realized closing price	
Profits realized from securities	28,487,046.67
Losses realized from securities	-18,932,230.15
Realized closing price (excl. income adjustment)	9,554,816.52
Realized fund result (excl. income adjustment)	5,237,860.54

B. Unrealized closing price

Change in unrealized closing price	64,759,459.70
Change in dividends receivable	4,460.91
	64,763,920.61

C. Income adjustment

Income adjustment for income during financial year	586,460.73
	586,460.73
Overall fund result	70,588,241.88

The result for the past financial year includes explicitly reported transaction costs (incl. external transaction-related costs, see item 15a "Transaction costs" in section II of the prospectus) in the amount of 464,731.19 EUR.

Capital market report

The year 2023 ended on a positive note for most capital market investors thanks to a fulminant finish on the equity and bond markets in the final quarter. Many stock markets posted double-digit percentage gains for the year, but for a long time it did not look that way. It was only towards the end of the year that the markets eventually favoured more positive interest rate and economic scenarios in view of the incoming data. The negative outlier among the major stock markets over the past twelve months was China, where share prices fell sharply. The Chinese equity markets also weighed on the major global emerging markets equity indices and thereby masked the fact that most emerging stock markets had a good year. This year, share prices have mostly continued to climb and the Chinese stock markets have also started a recovery. Many equity indices in the USA, Europe and Asia climbed to new record highs.

Recessions, further interest rate hikes or the first interest rate cuts were repeatedly priced in and out over the past twelve months, causing considerable price fluctuations not only in equities but also in bonds. In anticipation of rapid and substantial interest rate cuts in the USA and Europe, too, bond prices rose sharply in virtually all market segments towards the end of 2023. For most bond investors, 2023 was therefore a good year overall. The riskier market segments (high-yield bonds, emerging market bonds) showed the best performance. In recent months, however, expectations for interest rate cuts got significantly scaled back again, particularly in the US, but also in Europe, at least for the current year. Bond markets remain volatile.

Commodities came repeatedly under pressure in 2023. Prices for oil and gas, but also for many industrial metals, fell sharply. Only precious metals recorded slight gains thanks to rising gold prices. Gold has continued to appreciate in the new year. Precious metals but also industrial metals were up by around 15% at the end of May (in euro terms), while energy commodities have only seen a slight price increase so far this year. Among major currencies, the Japanese yen and the Chinese yuan stood out in 2023 with significant weakness. While the Chinese currency has stabilized so far this year, the yen has continued its slide. The Swiss franc has also been somewhat weaker this year. In contrast, there has been little movement between the euro and the US dollar over the past 12 months.

The disruptions and distortions caused by the pandemic and lockdowns have been almost fully overcome. However, global economic relations and production chains are once again under strain from escalating geopolitical confrontations and renewed conflicts in regions that are important transit points for trade routes. This is likely to result in lasting and serious upheavals in supply chains and global economic structures and could significantly change the competitive positions of entire industries and regions. This is compounded by the long-term challenges posed by climate change, demographics, and elevated levels of public debt in many countries. The financial market environment remains challenging and is likely to harbour major price fluctuations in almost all asset classes for the foreseeable future.

Fund investment policy report

Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities pursues an active and fundamental strategy. We mainly invest in favorably valued and sustainably managed growth companies. Active stock selection means that the fund's composition deviates from the market average in terms of the weightings of individual securities, countries and subsectors as well as market capitalization. Stock selection is preceded by intensive sector and securities analysis. The fund takes positions in individual securities with a view to a medium- to long-term investment approach.

The tech sector has posted another very positive performance over the 12 months of the reporting period, with sustained growth driven by continually high investments in innovation despite concerns about inflation and interest rates. Thanks to sound stock picking and takeovers, the fund benefited substantially.

The fund management favored mid-cap companies over tech giants.

At around 80 percent, investments primarily focused on US companies. Through its active stock-picking approach, the fund preferred companies with above-average profit trends, or the potential for recovery, combined with corresponding attractive valuations.

The fund's investment universe comprises companies active in various technology areas, such as artificial intelligence, chip technology, financial technologies, cloud IT and cybersecurity, supplemented by high-tech investments in robotics, the Internet of Things, e-mobility, space research and materials science. The most significant overweight was held in US semiconductor stocks.

Apple, Microsoft and Nvidia were the largest individual stock positions in the fund. At approx. 100%, the investment ratio remained high.

Transparency of the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics (Article 8 in conjunction with Article 11 of Regulation [EU] 2019/2088 / Disclosure Regulation)

For information about the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics, please refer to the annex "Environmental and/or Social Characteristics" to this annual report.

Makeup of fund assets in EUR

Any discrepancies in terms of the market value or the share of the fund assets result from rounding-off.

UCITS refers to units in an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities

§ 166 InvFG refers to units in investment funds in the form of "other portfolios of assets"

§ 166 (1) item 2 InvFG refers to units in special funds

§ 166 (1) item 3 InvFG refers to units in undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities pursuant to § 166 (1) item 3 InvFG (such as alternative investments/hedge funds)

§ 166 (1) item 4 InvFG refers to units in real estate funds

Type of security	OGAW/§ 166	Currency	Market value in EUR	Share of fund assets
Equities		CAD	12,834,941.63	3.80 %
Equities		EUR	16,926,000.00	5.01 %
Equities		JPY	10,161,126.01	3.00 %
Equities		USD	278,806,226.35	82.45 %
Total Equities			318,728,293.99	94.25 %
Equities ADR		USD	17,580,089.48	5.20 %
Total Equities ADR			17,580,089.48	5.20 %
Warrants		CAD	0.00	0.00 %
Total Warrants			0.00	0.00 %
Total securities			336,308,383.47	99.45 %
Bank balances/liabilities				
Bank balances/liabilities in fund currency			2,346,377.26	0.69 %
Total bank balances/liabilities			2,346,377.26	0.69 %
Accruals and deferrals				
Interest claims (on securities and bank balances)			19,661.79	0.01 %
Dividends receivable			82,310.21	0.02 %
Total accruals and deferrals			101,972.00	0.03 %
Other items				
Various fees			-595,978.41	-0.18 %
Total other items			-595,978.41	-0.18 %
Total fund assets			338,160,754.33	100.00 %

Portfolio of investments in EUR as of May 31, 2024

Dates indicated for securities refer to the issue and redemption dates. An issuer's right of premature redemption (where applicable) is not specified.

The securities marked with a "Y" have an open-ended maturity (is perpetual). The price for forward exchange transactions is indicated in the relevant counter currency for the currency in question.

Any discrepancies in terms of the market value or the share of the fund assets result from rounding-off.

UCITS refers to units in an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities

§ 166 InvFG refers to units in investment funds in the form of "other portfolios of assets"

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§ 166 (1) item 4 InvFG refers to units in real estate funds

Type of security	OGAW/§ 166	ISIN	Security title	Currency	Volume Units/Nom.	Purchases In period under review Units/Nom.	Sales Units/Nom.	Pool-/ ILB Factor	Price	Market value in EUR	Share of fund assets
Equities		CA21037X1006	CONSTELLATION SOFTWARE INC CSU	CAD	5,000	5,000			3,718.820000	12,547,472.84	3.71 %
Equities		CA65344W1077	NEXE INNOVATIONS INC NEXE	CAD	1,200,000				0.355000	287,468.79	0.09 %
Equities		NL0000334118	ASM INTERNATIONAL NV ASM	EUR	26,000	3,000			651.000000	16,926,000.00	5.01 %
Equities		JP3571400005	TOKYO ELECTRON LTD 8035	JPY	50,000	50,000			34,500.000000	10,161,126.01	3.00 %
Equities		US00108J1097	ACM RESEARCH INC-CLASS A ACMR	USD	500,000	540,000	40,000		22.350000	10,308,089.66	3.05 %
Equities		US0079031078	ADVANCED MICRO DEVICES AMD	USD	125,000	15,000			166.750000	19,226,777.97	5.69 %
Equities		US0231351067	AMAZON.COM INC AMZN	USD	90,000	90,000			179.320000	14,886,818.56	4.40 %
Equities		US0320951017	AMPHENOL CORP-CL A APH	USD	45,000	45,000			133.070000	5,523,614.06	1.63 %
Equities		US0378331005	APPLE INC AAPL	USD	93,500		36,500		191.290000	16,498,122.87	4.88 %
Equities		US0382221051	APPLIED MATERIALS INC AMAT	USD	90,000	30,000			216.540000	17,976,754.91	5.32 %
Equities		US11135F1012	BROADCOM INC AVGO	USD	15,000	1,000			1,364.080000	18,873,904.62	5.58 %
Equities		US1273871087	CADENCE DESIGN SYS INC CDNS	USD	30,000	5,000			288.250000	7,976,662.67	2.36 %
Equities		IL0010952641	CAMTEK LTD CAMT	USD	70,000	70,000			105.450000	6,808,873.72	2.01 %
Equities		SG9999000020	FLEX LTD FLEX	USD	260,000	260,000			33.780000	8,101,466.65	2.40 %
Equities		US45765U1034	INSIGHT ENTERPRISES INC NSIT	USD	40,000	40,000			195.180000	7,201,549.67	2.13 %
Equities		US4581401001	INTEL CORP INTC	USD	100,000	100,000			30.190000	2,784,798.45	0.82 %
Equities		US44980X1090	IPG PHOTONICS CORP IPGP	USD	30,000		20,000		85.100000	2,354,948.81	0.70 %
Equities		US4824801009	KLA CORP KLAC	USD	18,000	3,000			770.130000	12,786,956.92	3.78 %
Equities		US5128071082	LAM RESEARCH CORP LRCX	USD	13,000	2,000			950.700000	11,400,332.07	3.37 %
Equities		US5627501092	MANHATTAN ASSOCIATES INC MANH	USD	8,000	13,000	5,000		216.360000	1,596,605.48	0.47 %
Equities		US5738741041	MARVELL TECHNOLOGY INC MRVL	USD	77,000				76.850000	5,458,398.67	1.61 %
Equities		US5949181045	MICROSOFT CORP MSFT	USD	70,500		6,500		414.670000	26,966,363.80	7.97 %
Equities		IL0010845571	NOVA LTD NVMI	USD	70,000	70,000			211.640000	13,665,529.01	4.04 %
Equities		US67066G1040	NVIDIA CORP NVDA	USD	33,000		22,000		1,105.000000	33,636,195.92	9.95 %
Equities		US6833441057	ONTO INNOVATION INC ONTO	USD	60,000	60,000			222.580000	12,318,789.78	3.64 %
Equities		US6974351057	PALO ALTO NETWORKS INC PANW	USD	33,000	8,000			293.180000	8,924,398.12	2.64 %
Equities		US81762P1021	SERVICENOW INC NOW	USD	7,000	7,000			643.290000	4,153,703.53	1.23 %
Equities		US8716071076	SYNOPSYS INC SNPS	USD	18,000				564.730000	9,376,570.43	2.77 %
Equities ADR		US0420682058	ARM HOLDINGS PLC-ADR ARM	USD	37,500	37,500			120.730000	4,176,159.95	1.23 %
Equities ADR		US8740391003	TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR-SP ADR TSM	USD	95,000	95,000	40,000		152.960000	13,403,929.53	3.96 %
Warrants		CA21037X1345	CONSTELLATION SOFTWARE IN-40 2299955D	CAD	2,300				0.000000	0.00	0.00 %
Total licensed securities admitted to trading on the official market or another regulated market										336,308,383.47	99.45 %
Total securities										336,308,383.47	99.45 %

Type of security	OGAW/§ 166	ISIN	Security title	Currency	Volume Units/Nom.	Purchases In period under review Units/Nom.	Sales under review Units/Nom.	Pool-/ ILB Factor	Price	Market value in EUR	Share of fund assets
Bank balances/liabilities				EUR						2,346,377.26	0.69 %
Total bank balances/liabilities										2,346,377.26	0.69 %
Accruals and deferrals											
Interest claims (on securities and bank balances)										19,661.79	0.01 %
Dividends receivable										82,310.21	0.02 %
Total accruals and deferrals										101,972.00	0.03 %
Other items											
Various fees										-595,978.41	-0.18 %
Total other items										-595,978.41	-0.18 %
Total fund assets										338,160,754.33	100.00 %

ISIN	Income class		Currency	Net asset value per unit	Units in circulation
AT0000688841	R	income-distributing	EUR	384.60	34,699.569
AT0000A1U7J5	RZ	income-distributing	EUR	272.90	13,942.272
AT0000688858	R	income-retaining	EUR	536.26	308,074.820
AT0000A1U7H9	RZ	income-retaining	EUR	309.59	192,054.603
AT0000A2XN41	SZ	income-retaining	EUR	154.52	113,642.084
AT0000A2R8R0	I	full income-retaining (outside Austria)	EUR	141.24	34,259.145
AT0000688866	R	full income-retaining (outside Austria)	EUR	626.25	118,070.656

Exchange rates

Foreign currency assets were converted into EUR on the basis of the exchange rates applicable on May 29, 2024

Currency	Price (1 EUR =)	
Canadian Dollars	CAD	1.481900
Japanese Yen	JPY	169.764650
US Dollars	USD	1.084100

Securities purchases and sales during the period under review not listed under the portfolio of assets:

Type of security	OGAW/§ 166	ISIN	Security title	Currency	Purchases Additions	Sales Disposals
Equities		AU000000WTC3	WISETECH GLOBAL LTD WTC	AUD		80,000
Equities		CA82509L1076	SHOPIFY INC - CLASS A SHOP	CAD		121,000
Equities		NL0010273215	ASML HOLDING NV ASML	EUR		15,000
Equities		DE000FTG1111	FLATEXDEGIRO AG FTK	EUR		580,000
Equities		DE0007164600	SAP SE SAP	EUR		20,000
Equities		DE0007235301	SGL CARBON SE SGL	EUR	70,000	700,000
Equities		NL0000226223	STMICROELECTRONICS NV STMMI	EUR		99,000

Type of security	OGAW/§ 166	ISIN	Security title	Currency		Purchases Additions	Sales Disposals
Equities		JP3148800000	IBIDEN CO LTD 4062	JPY			94,000
Equities		US00724F1012	ADOBE INC ADBE	USD		10,000	10,000
Equities		US00971T1016	AKAMAI TECHNOLOGIES INC AKAM	USD		30,000	30,000
Equities		US0326541051	ANALOG DEVICES INC ADI	USD			12,000
Equities		US03662Q1058	ANSYS INC ANSS	USD			18,000
Equities		US0530151036	AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING ADP	USD			12,000
Equities		US12468P1049	C3.AI INC-A AI	USD		200,000	200,000
Equities		US18915M1071	CLOUDFLARE INC - CLASS A NET	USD			70,000
Equities		IL0011334468	CYBERARK SOFTWARE LTD/ISRAEL CYBR	USD			28,000
Equities		US23804L1035	DATADOG INC - CLASS A DDOG	USD		30,000	30,000
Equities		US15677J1088	DAYFORCE INC DAY	USD			30,000
Equities		US2681501092	DYNATRACE INC DT	USD			130,000
Equities		US31188V1008	FASTLY INC - CLASS A FSLY	USD		200,000	330,000
Equities		US4435731009	HUBSPOT INC HUBS	USD			14,000
Equities		US4612021034	INTUIT INC INTU	USD			4,000
Equities		US4663131039	JABIL INC JBL	USD		47,000	47,000
Equities		US49338L1035	KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES IN KEYS	USD			17,000
Equities		US60937P1066	MONGODB INC MDB	USD		3,000	14,000
Equities		US6200763075	MOTOROLA SOLUTIONS INC MSI	USD			10,500
Equities		US6821891057	ON SEMICONDUCTOR ON	USD			77,000
Equities		US68389X1054	ORACLE CORP ORCL	USD		54,000	54,000
Equities		US7534221046	RAPID7 INC RPD	USD		15,000	115,000
Equities		US87157D1090	SYNAPTICS INC SYNA	USD			18,000
Equities		US88339J1051	TRADE DESK INC/THE -CLASS A TTD	USD		30,000	30,000
Equities		US92343E1029	VERISIGN INC VRSN	USD			22,000
Equities		US9778521024	WOLFSPEED INC WOLF	USD			36,000
Equities		US98138H1014	WORKDAY INC-CLASS A WDAY	USD		12,000	12,000
Equities		US98980G1022	ZSCALER INC ZS	USD		30,000	30,000
Subscription rights		CA21037X1428	CONSTELLATION SOFTWARE-RTS CSU-R	CAD		2,300	2,300

Information on securities lending transactions and repurchase agreements

During the reporting period, no securities lending transactions were performed on behalf of the fund. Accordingly, the information concerning securities lending transactions which is stipulated in § 8 of the Austrian Securities Lending and Repurchase Agreement Ordinance and Art. 13 of Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2365 is not required.

During the reporting period, no repurchase agreements were concluded on behalf of the fund. Accordingly, the information concerning repurchase agreements which is stipulated in § 8 of the Austrian Securities Lending and Repurchase Agreement Ordinance and Art. 13 of Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2365 is not required.

Total return swaps and similar derivative instruments

A total return swap is a credit derivative instrument. Income and fluctuations in the value of the underlying financial instrument (underlying instrument or reference asset) are exchanged for fixed interest payments.

The fund did not enter into total return swaps or similar derivative instruments in the period under review.

Calculation method for overall risk

Calculation method for overall risk	Simplified approach
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Remuneration paid to the employees of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. in EUR (financial year 2023 of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H.)

Total number of employees	281
Number of risk-bearers	94
Fixed remuneration	27,084,610.23
Variable remuneration (bonuses)	2,689,523.10
Total remuneration for employees	29,774,133.33
of which remuneration for managing directors	1,332,891.89
of which remuneration for managers (risk-bearers)	2,301,015.53
of which remuneration for other risk-bearers	10,783,571.36
of which remuneration for employees in positions of control	230,294.55
of which remuneration for employees in the same income bracket as managing directors and risk-bearers due to their overall remuneration	0.00
Total remuneration for risk-bearers	14,647,773.33

- The remuneration guidelines ("remuneration guidelines") issued by Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. serve as a binding framework for fulfillment of the remuneration policy and practice requirements stipulated in §§ 17 (a) to (c) of the Austrian Investment Fund Act (InvFG), § 11 of the Austrian Alternative Investment Fund Managers Act (AIFMG) and Enclosure 2 to § 11 AIFMG. Fixed and variable remuneration components are determined on the basis of these remuneration guidelines. Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. has established a systematic, structured, differentiating and incentivizing compensation system which reflects the company's values as well as clear and consistent outline conditions. Its employees' compensation comprises fixed salary components as well as variable salary components for some positions. This remuneration – in particular, the variable salary component (where applicable) – reflects an objective organizational structure ("job grades"). Compensation is determined on the basis of regular market comparisons and in accordance with local remuneration practice. The goal is to encourage employees' long-term loyalty to the company while also promoting their performance and their development within the framework of a management or specialist career path.
- At Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H., an employee's basic salary (fixed remuneration) is non-discretionary remuneration which does not vary in accordance with the performance of the company (earnings before interest and tax) or of the specific employee (individual target achievement). It primarily reflects relevant professional experience and organizational responsibility, as outlined in the employee's job description as part of his terms of employment. The employee's fixed salary is determined on the basis of his market value, his individual qualifications and the position which he holds at Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. uses all of the standard remuneration management instruments (e.g. domestic and foreign remuneration studies, salary bands, position grading). The employee's variable salary reflects the achievement of company and performance targets which are specified and reviewed within the scope of a performance management process. Employees' targets are specified on the basis of the company's strategic targets, the targets of their organizational unit or department and their function. Target agreements are concluded and the employee's level of target achievement (= performance) is determined through annual performance appraisals ("MBO system"). The target structure at Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. differentiates between qualitative targets – which include individual targets or division and department targets – and quantitative targets, e.g. performance and income targets, and also quantifiable project targets. Every manager is also assigned management targets. Quantitative one-year or multiple-year targets also apply within the scope of the company's core activities of sales and fund management.
- Since the performance period 2015, in accordance with the regulatory requirements a portion of the variable remuneration for risk-bearers is paid out in the form of units in an investment fund managed by Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. In addition, as required by law portions of the variable remuneration of risk-bearers are deferred and paid out over a period of several years.

- The supervisory board of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. resolves the general remuneration policy principles specified by the remuneration committee, reviews them at least once a year and is responsible for their implementation and for monitoring of this issue. The supervisory board most recently fulfilled this duty on Dec 01, 2023. It has not identified any need for changes or any irregularities in relation to the remuneration policy of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H.
- In addition, at least once per year a central and independent internal review determines whether the company's remuneration policy has been implemented in accordance with the applicable remuneration regulations and procedures. The internal auditing division of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. published its most recent report on Nov 06, 2023. This report has not resulted in any material findings concerning the remuneration policy of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H.
- The remuneration policy of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. has not been subject to any significant changes in the reporting period.

Remuneration principles of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H.

- The remuneration principles of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. support the business strategy and the long-term goals, interests and values of the company and of the investment funds managed by Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H.
- The remuneration principles of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. include measures to avoid conflicts of interest.
- The remuneration principles and policies of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. are consistent with and promote sound and effective risk-taking practices and avoid incentives for any inappropriate risk-taking propensity which exceed the level of risk tolerated by Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. or the investment funds under its management.
- The total amount of variable remuneration will not limit the capacity of Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. to strengthen its capital base.
- Variable remuneration is not paid by means of instruments or methods which facilitate circumvention of applicable legal requirements.
- Employees in positions of control are rewarded irrespective of the business unit which they supervise, they have an appropriate level of authority and their remuneration is determined on the basis of the fulfillment of their organizational targets in connection with their functions, irrespective of the results of the business activities under their supervision.
- Guaranteed variable remuneration is not consistent with sound risk management or the "pay-for-performance" principle and should not be included in future remuneration plans. Guaranteed variable remuneration is the exception; This is only provided in connection with new hirings and only where Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. has a sound and strong capital base. It is limited to the first year of employment.
- Any payments relating to the premature termination of a contract must reflect the performance realized over the relevant period of time and must not reward failures or misconduct.

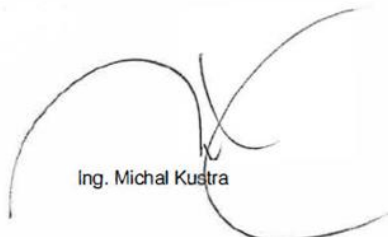
Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. complies with the code of conduct for the Austrian investment fund industry 2012.

Vienna, 12 September 2024

Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H.



Mag. (FH) Dieter Aigner



Ing. Michal Kuštra



Mag. Hannes Cizek

Audit opinion

Report on the annual fund report

Audit opinion

We have audited the annual fund report issued by Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H., Vienna, for its fund Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities, consisting of the portfolio of investments as of May 31, 2024, the income statement for the financial year ending as of this date and the other disclosures required under Annex I Schedule B of the 2011 Austrian Investment Fund Act (Investmentfondsgesetz, InvFG).

In our view, the annual fund report complies with applicable statutory requirements and provides a true and fair view of the net assets and financial position as of May 31, 2024 as well as the earnings position for the fund for the financial year ending as of this date, in compliance with Austrian commercial law, the provisions of InvFG 2011.

Basis for the audit opinion

We performed our audit in accordance with § 49 (5) InvFG 2011 in accordance with Austrian principles of orderly auditing. These principles require application of the International Standards on Auditing (ISA). Our responsibilities on the basis of these requirements and standards are outlined in further detail in the "Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the annual fund report" section of our audit certificate. We are independent from the company, in compliance with Austrian commercial law and professional standards, and we have fulfilled our other professional duties in accordance with these requirements. In our view, we have obtained sufficient and suitable audit documentation as a basis for our audit opinion. In our view, the documentation we have obtained up to the date of this audit certificate forms a sufficient and suitable basis for our audit opinion of the same date.

Other information

The company's legal representatives are responsible for the other information provided. This other information comprises all of the information included in the annual fund report, with the exception of the portfolio of investments, the income statement, the other disclosures required under Annex I Schedule B InvFG 2011 and the audit certificate.

Our audit opinion for the annual fund report does not cover this other information, and we do not provide any sort of assurance in this regard.

In connection with our audit of the annual fund report, we have the responsibility to read such other information and, in doing so, assess whether this other information contains material inconsistencies with the annual fund report or with the knowledge obtained in our audit, or whether such information appears to be otherwise misrepresented.

If, on the basis of the work we have carried out in regard of the other information obtained prior to the date of the audit certificate, we conclude that a material misstatement of such other information exists, we are obliged to report the matter. We have nothing to report in this respect.

Responsibilities of the company's legal representatives and the supervisory board for the annual fund report

The company's legal representatives are responsible for the preparation of the annual fund report and for ensuring that it provides a true and fair view of the fund's net assets, financial and earnings position in compliance with Austrian commercial law and the provisions of InvFG 2011. The company's legal representatives are also responsible for the internal controls which they deem necessary in order to enable the preparation of an annual fund report which is free from material misrepresentations caused by fraudulent acts or errors.

The supervisory board is responsible for monitoring the company's accounting process in relation to the funds under its management.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the annual fund report

Our goals are to establish sufficient certainty as to whether the annual fund report as a whole is free from material misrepresentations caused by fraudulent acts or errors and to issue an audit certificate which includes our audit opinion.

Sufficient certainty means a high level of certainty, but not a guarantee, that an orderly audit performed in accordance with the recognized Austrian principles, which require application of the ISA, will always uncover any material misrepresentation. Misrepresentations may result from malicious acts or on the basis of errors and will be deemed material where they may be reasonably expected, either individually or collectively, to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of this annual fund report.

As part of an audit complying with the recognized Austrian principles of orderly auditing, which require application of the ISA, we exercise due discretion throughout our audit and maintain a critical distance.

In addition, the following applies:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misrepresentations caused by fraudulent acts or errors in the annual fund report, plan audit activities in response to these risks, implement these activities and obtain audit documentation which is sufficient and suitable in order to serve as a basis for our audit opinion. The risk of material misrepresentations resulting from malicious acts not being uncovered is greater than the risk resulting from errors, since malicious acts may include collusive collaboration, falsifications, deliberate incompleteness, misleading representations or the suspension of internal controls.
- We obtain a picture of the internal control system which is relevant for the audit so as to plan audit activities which are adequate in the given circumstances, but not with the objective of providing an audit opinion regarding the effectiveness of the company's internal control system.
- We evaluate the adequacy of the accounting methods applied by the company's legal representatives as well as the reasonableness of the legal representatives' estimates in the accounting as well as the related disclosures.
- We evaluate the overall picture, the structure and the contents of the annual fund report including the disclosures and whether the annual fund report provides a true and fair view of the underlying business transactions and events.

We discuss matters with the supervisory board including the planned scope of the audit and its schedule as well as significant audit findings, including any significant shortcomings in the internal control system that we identify in the course of our audit.

Auditor in charge

The auditor in charge of the audit is Mr. Wilhelm Kovsca.

Vienna
12 September 2024

KPMG Austria GmbH
Wirtschaftsprüfungs- und Steuerberatungsgesellschaft

Wilhelm Kovsca
Auditor

Tax treatment

Once the new reporting framework comes into effect (from Jun 6, 2016), Österreichische Kontrollbank (OeKB) will prepare the details of the tax arrangements for the fund and publish them on my.oekb.at. The tax documents are available for downloading for all funds. The tax documents are also available on our website www.rcm.at. Please visit my.oekb.at for detailed information on offsettable and reimbursable foreign taxes.

Fund regulations

Fund regulations pursuant to the 2011 Austrian Investment Fund Act

The Austrian Financial Market Authority (FMA) has approved the fund regulations for the investment fund Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities, a jointly owned fund pursuant to the 2011 Austrian Investment Fund Act, as amended (InvFG).

The investment fund is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) and is managed by Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. (hereinafter: the "management company") which is headquartered in Vienna.

Article 1 Fund units

The fund units are embodied in unit certificates with the character of financial instruments which are issued to bearer.

The unit certificates shall be represented by global certificates for each unit class. Actual securities are not issued.

Article 2 Custodian bank (depository)

Raiffeisen Bank International AG, Vienna, is the investment fund's custodian bank (depository).

The custodian bank (depository), the regional Raiffeisen banks, Kathrein Privatbank Aktiengesellschaft, Vienna, and other paying agents referred to in the prospectus are the paying agents for unit certificates.

Article 3 Investment instruments and principles

The following assets pursuant to InvFG may be selected for the investment fund.

The investment fund exclusively invests in individual securities (i.e., not including units in investment funds, derivative instruments and sight deposits or deposits at notice) and/or money market instruments whose issuers have been classified as sustainable on the basis of ESG (environmental, social, governance) criteria. The investment fund invests at least 51% of the fund assets in the form of directly purchased individual securities – i.e. which are not held indirectly through investment funds or through derivatives – in equities and equity-equivalent securities issued by high-tech companies, especially in the IT, industry, energy, healthcare and transportation sectors.

The investment in individual securities excludes all investments in companies in the arms industry or in companies which violate labor and human rights, or which generate their income from the production or mining of coal, or a substantial amount of their income from the processing or use of coal or other coal-related services. Furthermore, companies are excluded that manufacture significant components relating to the field of "banned" weapons (e.g., cluster munitions, chemical weapons, landmines), or whose corporate governance fails to meet a certain level of quality. Derivative instruments that may enable or support speculative deals with food commodities are also excluded from purchase. Please see the prospectus (Part II, item 13.1) for more information on the negative criteria.

Sustainability in the investment process is achieved through the consistent integration of ESG criteria. In addition to economic factors including traditional criteria such as profitability, liquidity and security, environmental and social factors are integrated into the investment process, as is responsible corporate governance.

The following investment instruments are purchased for the fund assets, while complying with the investment focus outlined above.

Where appropriate, the fund may purchase units in investment funds whose investment restrictions differ in terms of the investment focus outlined above and the restrictions specified below with regard to investment instruments. This will not affect the fund's continual compliance with the above investment focus.

Securities

The fund may purchase securities (including securities with embedded derivative instruments) as permitted by law.

Money market instruments

Money market instruments may comprise up to 49% of the fund assets.

Securities and money market instruments

The fund may purchase not fully paid-in securities or money market instruments and subscription rights for such instruments or other not fully paid-in financial instruments.

Securities and money market instruments may be purchased if they comply with the criteria concerning listing and trading on a regulated market or a securities exchange pursuant to InvFG.

Securities and money market instruments which do not fulfill the criteria laid down in the above paragraph may be purchased for up to 10% of the fund assets in total.

Units in investment funds

Units in investment funds (UCITS, UCI) may each amount to up to 10% of the fund assets – and up to 10% of the fund assets in total – insofar as these UCITS or UCI do not, for their part, invest more than 10% of their fund assets in units in other investment funds.

Derivative instruments

Derivative instruments may be used as part of the fund's investment strategy for up to 49% of the fund assets and for hedging purposes.

Investment fund's risk measurement method

The investment fund applies the following risk measurement method:

Commitment approach

The commitment figure is calculated pursuant to the 3rd chapter of the 4th Austrian Derivatives Risk Calculation and Reporting Ordinance (*Derivate-Risikoberechnungs- und Meldeverordnung, DeRiMV*), as amended.

The overall risk for derivative instruments which are not held for hedging purposes is limited to 49% of the overall net value of the fund assets.

Sight deposits or deposits at notice

Sight deposits and deposits at notice with terms not exceeding 12 months may amount to up to 49% of the fund assets. No minimum bank balance is required.

Within the scope of restructuring of the fund portfolio and/or a justified assumption of impending losses for securities, the investment fund may hold a lower proportion of securities and a higher proportion of sight deposits or deposits at notice with terms not exceeding 12 months.

Short-term loans

The management company may take up short-term loans of up to 10% of the fund assets for account of the investment fund.

Repos

Repurchase agreements may comprise up to 100% of the fund assets.

Securities lending

Securities lending transactions may comprise up to 30% of the fund assets.

Investment instruments may only be acquired uniformly for the entire investment fund, not for an individual unit class or for a group of unit classes.

However, this does not apply for currency hedge transactions. These transactions may only be entered into in relation to a single unit class. Expenses and income resulting from a currency hedge transaction shall exclusively be allocated to the relevant unit class.

Article 4 Issuance and redemption modalities

The unit value shall be calculated in EUR or the currency of the unit class.

The value of the units will be calculated on each banking day in Austria.

Issuance and subscription fee

Units will be issued on any banking day in Austria.

The issue price is the unit value plus a fee per unit of up to 5% to cover the management company's issuing costs.

Unit issuance shall not in principle be subject to limitation; however, the management company reserves the right temporarily or entirely to discontinue its issuance of unit certificates.

The management company shall be entitled to introduce a graduated subscription fee.

Redemption and redemption fee

Units will be redeemed on any banking day in Austria.

The redemption price is based on the value of a unit. No redemption fee will be charged.

At the request of a unitholder, its unit shall be redeemed out of the investment fund at the applicable redemption price, against surrender of the unit certificate.

Article 5 Accounting year

The investment fund's accounting year runs from June 1 to May 31.

Article 6 Unit classes and appropriation of income

Income-distributing unit certificates, income-retaining unit certificates with payment of capital gains tax and income-retaining unit certificates without payment of capital gains tax may be issued for the investment fund.

Various classes of unit certificates may be issued for this investment fund. The management company may decide to establish unit classes or to issue units in a given unit class.

Appropriation of income for income-distributing unit certificates (income distribution)

Once costs have been covered, the income received during the past accounting year (interest and dividends) may be distributed at the discretion of the management company. Distribution may be waived subject to due consideration of the unitholders' interests. The distribution of income from the sale of assets of the investment fund including subscription rights shall likewise be at the discretion of the management company. A distribution from the fund assets and interim distributions are also permissible.

The fund assets may not through distributions fall below the minimum volume for a termination which is stipulated by law.

From August 16 of the following accounting year the amounts are to be distributed to the holders of income-distributing unit certificates. Any remaining balances shall be carried forward to a new account.

In any case, from August 16 an amount calculated pursuant to InvFG shall be paid out, to be used where applicable to meet any capital gains tax commitments on the distribution-equivalent return on those unit certificates, unless the management company ensures through appropriate proof from the custodians that as of the payment date the unit certificates may only be held by unitholders who are either not subject to Austrian income or corporate income tax or who fulfill the requirements for an exemption pursuant to §94 of the Austrian Income Tax Act or for a capital gains tax exemption.

Appropriation of income in case of income-retaining unit certificates with payment of capital gains tax (income retention)

Income during the accounting year net of costs shall not be distributed. In case of income-retaining unit certificates, from August 16 an amount calculated pursuant to InvFG shall be paid out, to be used where applicable to meet any capital gains tax commitments on the distribution-equivalent return on those unit certificates, unless the management company ensures through appropriate proof from the custodians that as of the payment date the unit certificates are only held by unitholders who are either not subject to Austrian income or corporate income tax or who fulfill the requirements for an exemption pursuant to §94 of the Austrian Income Tax Act or for a capital gains tax exemption.

Appropriation of income in case of income-retaining unit certificates without payment of capital gains tax (full income retention)

Income during the accounting year net of costs shall not be distributed. No payment pursuant to InvFG will be made. August 16 of the following accounting year shall be the key date pursuant to InvFG in case of failure to pay capital gains tax on the annual income.

The management company shall ensure through appropriate proof from the custodians that at the time of payout the unit certificates may only be held by unitholders who are either not subject to Austrian income or corporate income tax or who fulfill the requirements for exemption as per §94 of the Austrian Income Tax Act or for a capital gains tax exemption.

If these preconditions have not been met as of the payment date, the amount calculated pursuant to InvFG shall be paid out by the custodian bank by issuing a credit note.

Appropriation of income in case of income-retaining unit certificates without payment of capital gains tax (full income retention – foreign unit class)

Income-retaining unit certificates without payment of capital gains tax shall only be sold outside Austria.

Income during the accounting year net of costs shall not be distributed. No payment pursuant to InvFG will be made.

The management company shall ensure through appropriate proof that as of the payment date the unit certificates may only be held by unitholders who are either not subject to Austrian income or corporate income tax or who fulfill the requirements for exemption pursuant to §94 of the Austrian Income Tax Act or for a capital gains tax exemption. This can be validly proved by the cumulative submission of statements from both the custodian bank and the management company that they are not aware of a sale to other persons.

Article 7 Management fee, reimbursement of expenses, liquidation fee

The management company shall receive for its management activity an annual remuneration of up to 2% of the fund assets that is calculated, recorded and deducted monthly on the basis of the respective fund assets for each calendar day.

The management company is entitled to reimbursement of all expenses associated with its management of the fund.

The management company shall be entitled to introduce a graduated management fee.

The costs arising at the introduction of new unit classes for existing asset portfolios shall be deducted from the unit prices of the new unit classes.

In case of the liquidation of the investment fund, the liquidator shall receive remuneration amounting to 0.5% of the fund assets.

Please refer to the prospectus for further information on this investment fund.

Appendix

List of stock exchanges with official trading and organized markets

1. Stock exchanges with official trading and organized markets in the member states of the EEA, as well as stock exchanges in European countries which are not EEA members that are considered to be equal to regulated markets

Each Member State is required to maintain an updated register of regulated markets authorized by it. This register is to be made available to the other member states and to the Commission.

According to this provision, the Commission is obliged to publish once a year a register of the regulated markets of which it has received notice.

Due to decreasing restrictions and to trading segment specialization, the register of "regulated markets" is undergoing great changes. In addition to the annual publication of a register in the official gazette of the European Union, the Commission will therefore provide an updated version on its official internet site.

1.1. The current register of regulated markets is available at:

https://registers.esma.europa.eu/publication/searchRegister?core=esma_registers_upreg¹

1.2. The following stock exchanges are to be included in the register of regulated markets:

- | | | |
|--------|-------------|---|
| 1.2.1. | Luxembourg | Euro MTF Luxembourg |
| 1.2.2. | Switzerland | SIX Swiss Exchange AG, BX Swiss AG ² |

1.3. Recognized markets in the EEA pursuant to §67 (2) item 2 InvFG:

Markets in the EEA classified as recognized markets by the relevant supervisory authorities.

NOTICE

Following the departure of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (UK) from the EU and the loss of its status as an EEA member state, the stock exchanges / regulated markets located there have lost their status as EEA stock exchanges / regulated markets. Since this time, the following stock exchanges and regulated markets located in the UK:

Cboe Europe Equities Regulated Market – Integrated Book Segment, London Metal Exchange, Cboe Europe Equities Regulated Market – Reference Price Book Segment, Cboe Europe Equities Regulated Market – Off-Book Segment, London Stock Exchange Regulated Market (derivatives), NEX Exchange Main Board (non-equity), London Stock Exchange Regulated Market, NEX Exchange Main Board (equity), Euronext London Regulated Market, ICE FUTURES EUROPE, ICE FUTURES EUROPE - AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS DIVISION, ICE FUTURES EUROPE - FINANCIAL PRODUCTS DIVISION, ICE FUTURES EUROPE - EQUITY PRODUCTS DIVISION and Gibraltar Stock Exchange

In these fund regulations, they shall explicitly be regarded as selected stock markets or recognized regulated markets of a third country within the meaning of the 2011 Austrian Investment Fund Act and the UCITS Directive.

2. Stock exchanges in European states which are not members of the EEA

- | | | |
|------|-----------------------|---|
| 2.1. | Bosnia & Herzegovina: | Sarajevo, Banja Luka |
| 2.2. | Montenegro: | Podgorica |
| 2.3. | Russia: | Moscow Exchange |
| 2.4. | Serbia: | Belgrade |
| 2.5. | Turkey: | Istanbul (for Stock Market, "National Market" only) |

3. Stock exchanges in non-European states

- | | | |
|------|------------|----------------------------------|
| 3.1. | Australia: | Sydney, Hobart, Melbourne, Perth |
| 3.2. | Argentina: | Buenos Aires |
| 3.3. | Brazil: | Rio de Janeiro, Sao Paulo |
| 3.4. | Chile: | Santiago |

¹ To open the register, in the left-hand column under "Entity type", select "Regulated market" and click "Search" (click "Show table columns" and "Update" as necessary). The link may be modified by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA).

² Due to the expiry of equivalence for Swiss stock exchanges, SIX Swiss Exchange AG and BX Swiss AG are now included under Section 2 "Stock exchanges in European states which are not members of the EEA" until further notice.



3.5.	China:	Shanghai Stock Exchange, Shenzhen Stock Exchange
3.6.	Hong Kong:	Hong Kong Stock Exchange
3.7.	India:	Mumbai
3.8.	Indonesia:	Jakarta
3.9.	Israel:	Tel Aviv
3.10.	Japan:	Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya, Fukuoka, Sapporo
3.11.	Canada:	Toronto, Vancouver, Montreal
3.12.	Colombia:	Bolsa de Valores de Colombia
3.13.	Korea:	Korea Exchange (Seoul, Busan)
3.14.	Malaysia:	Kuala Lumpur, Bursa Malaysia Berhad
3.15.	Mexico:	Mexico City
3.16.	New Zealand:	Wellington, Auckland
3.17.	Peru:	Bolsa de Valores de Lima
3.18.	Philippines:	Philippine Stock Exchange
3.19.	Singapore:	Singapore Stock Exchange
3.20.	South Africa:	Johannesburg
3.21.	Taiwan:	Taipei
3.22.	Thailand:	Bangkok
3.23.	USA:	New York, NYCE American, New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), Philadelphia, Chicago, Boston, Cincinnati; Nasdaq
3.24.	Venezuela:	Caracas
3.25.	United Arab Emirates:	Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange (ADX)

4. Organized markets in states which are not members of the European Union

4.1.	Japan:	Over-the-counter market
4.2.	Canada:	Over-the-counter market
4.3.	Korea:	Over-the-counter market
4.4.	Switzerland:	Over-the-counter market of the members of the International Capital Market Association (ICMA), Zurich
4.5.	USA:	Over-the-counter market (subject to supervisory oversight, e.g. SEC, FINRA)

5. Stock exchanges with futures and options markets

5.1.	Argentina:	Bolsa de Comercio de Buenos Aires
5.2.	Australia:	Australian Options Market, Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)
5.3.	Brazil:	Bolsa Brasileira de Futuros, Bolsa de Mercadorias & Futuros, Rio de Janeiro Stock Exchange, Sao Paulo Stock Exchange
5.4.	Hong Kong:	Hong Kong Futures Exchange Ltd.
5.5.	Japan:	Osaka Securities Exchange, Tokyo International Financial Futures Exchange, Tokyo Stock Exchange
5.6.	Canada:	Montreal Exchange, Toronto Futures Exchange
5.7.	Korea:	Korea Exchange (KRX)
5.8.	Mexico:	Mercado Mexicano de Derivados
5.9.	New Zealand:	New Zealand Futures & Options Exchange
5.10.	Philippines:	Manila International Futures Exchange
5.11.	Singapore:	The Singapore Exchange Limited (SGX)
5.12.	South Africa:	Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE), South African Futures Exchange (SAFEX)
5.13.	Turkey:	TurkDEX
5.14.	USA:	NYCE American, Chicago Board Options Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade, Chicago Mercantile Exchange, Comex, FINEX, ICE Future US Inc. New York, Nasdaq, New York Stock Exchange, Boston Options Exchange (BOX)

Product name:

Raiffeisen HighTech ESG Equities

Legal entity identifier: 529900YCX2808NNXND08

The product (the fund) is managed by Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H. as management company. Fund Manager: Raiffeisen Kapitalanlage-Gesellschaft m.b.H.

Sustainable investment

means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective: <u> </u> % <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> It made sustainable investments with a social objective: <u> </u> %	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of <u>66.97 %</u> of sustainable investments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with a social objective <input type="checkbox"/> It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments .



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The fund took environmental and social criteria in consideration for investments, in particular climate change, natural capital & biodiversity, pollution and waste, environmental improvement opportunities (such as green technologies and renewable energy), human resources, product liability & safety, stakeholder relations and social improvement opportunities (such as access to healthcare). Corporate governance as well as entrepreneurial behaviour & business ethics (overall "good governance") were in any case prerequisites for an investment. There was no limitation to specific environmental or social characteristics.

No reference benchmark was designated for the achievement of the promoted environmental or social characteristics.

● How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The Raiffeisen ESG indicator is used by the management company as an internal sustainability indicator. The management company continually analyses companies and sovereigns based on internal and external research sources. The results of this sustainability research are combined with a comprehensive ESG evaluation, including an ESG risk assessment, to create the so-called Raiffeisen ESG indicator.

Sustainability indicators

measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

The Raiffeisen ESG indicator is measured on a scale from 0 to 100. The assessment also takes into account the relevant sector.

At the end of the accounting year the Raiffeisen ESG indicator was: 69.84

● **...and compared to previous periods?**

financial year 1.6.2022-31.5.2023: Raiffeisen-ESG- indicator: 70.5

financial year 1.6.2021-31.5.2022: Raiffeisen-ESG- indicator: 96,0

● **What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?**

The objectives of the sustainable investments covered improvements in the areas of climate change, natural capital and biodiversity, pollution and waste, environmental improvement vectors (such as green technologies and renewable energy), human resources, product liability and safety, relationships with interest groups, and social improvement vectors (such as access to health care) compared with the traditional market. Good corporate governance, including business practices and business ethics, was a prerequisite for an investment in any case.

The sustainability of an economic activity was assessed on the basis of the internal Raiffeisen ESG corporate indicator. It combined a wide range of data points relating to environmental, social, and governance (ESG) factors. In addition to sustainability opportunities and risks, the contribution that the business activity made to sustainable objectives along the entire value chain was examined and transformed into qualitative and quantitative ratings. An important part of this was the sustainable influence of the respective products and/or services (economic activity).

At the end of the accounting year, the level of investments in economic activities that are environmentally sustainable within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy Regulation did not exceed a de minimis level.

● **How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?**

To avoid significant adverse impacts on an environmental or social sustainable investment objective, securities that violate negative criteria as defined by the management company for this purpose and relating to environmental and social objectives (such as the extraction and use of coal, labour rights violations, human rights violations, and corruption) did not qualify as a sustainable investment.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

See the information under „How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?“.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The positive and negative criteria contained in the investment strategy covered all aspects of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (such as avoidance of environmental destruction, corruption, and human rights violations as well as adherence to the core ILO labour standards). The fund management continuously monitored various channels of information such as the media and research agencies to determine whether investments are affected by serious controversies. In addition, the fund assets were assessed for potential violations of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises by means of a screening tool from a recognised ESG research provider.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

A company that did not comply with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises was not eligible for investment. A violation was assumed to exist if a company was involved in one or more controversial incidents in which there were credible allegations that the company or its management had caused substantial damage of a significant scope in violation of global standards.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The consideration of the principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors occurred through negative criteria, through the integration of ESG research into the investment process (ESG scores), and in security selection (positive criteria). The use of positive criteria included the absolute and relative assessment of companies regarding stakeholder-related data, e.g. relating to employees, society, suppliers, business ethics, and the environment. In addition, the instrument of shareholder engagement was used with companies in the form of corporate dialogue and especially the exercise of voting rights so as to reduce adverse sustainability impacts. These shareholder engagement activities were conducted irrespective of any concrete investment in the respective company and are not documented at the fund level at the moment. The table shows the topics from which sustainability scores for adverse impacts were considered in particular, as well as the main methods that were applied.

Companies		Negative criteria	Positive criteria
Environment	Greenhouse gas emissions	✓	✓
	Activities with adverse impacts on areas with protected biodiversity	✓	✓
	Water (pollution, consumption)		✓
	Hazardous waste		✓
Social affairs and employment	Violations or lack of policy regarding the United Nations Global Compact (initiative for responsible corporate governance) and OECD guidelines for multinational companies; work accidents	✓	✓
	Gender justice		✓
	Controversial weapons	✓	✓



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting **the greatest proportion of investments** of the financial product during the reference period which is:

financial year Jun 1, 2023 - May 31, 2024

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
US67066G1040 NVIDIA CORP NVDA	Information Technology	9,24	United States
US5949181045 MICROSOFT CORP MSFT	Information Technology	8,96	United States
US0378331005 APPLE INC AAPL	Information Technology	6,86	United States
US0079031078 ADVANCED MICRO DEVICES AMD	Information Technology	5,10	United States
US11135F1012 BROADCOM INC AVGO	Information Technology	4,99	United States
US0382221051 APPLIED MATERIALS INC AMAT	Information Technology	4,18	United States
NL0000334118 ASM INTERNATIONAL NV ASM	Information Technology	4,09	Netherlands
US8716071076 SYNOPSYS INC SNPS	Information Technology	3,04	United States
US4824801009 KLA CORP KLAC	Information Technology	3,01	United States
US5128071082 LAM RESEARCH CORP LRCX	Information Technology	2,95	United States
JP3571400005 TOKYO ELECTRON LTD 8035	Information Technology	2,75	Japan
IL0010845571 NOVA LTD NVMI	Information Technology	2,70	Israel
CA82509L1076 SHOPIFY INC - CLASS A SHOP	Information Technology	2,52	Canada
US6974351057 PALO ALTO NETWORKS INC PANW	Information Technology	2,41	United States
US00108J1097 ACM RESEARCH INC-CLASS A ACMR	Information Technology	2,40	United States



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

Sustainability-related investments refer to all investments that contribute to the achievement of the environmental and/or social characteristics within the scope of the investment strategy.

What was the asset allocation?

The values given below refer to the end of the accounting year.

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

At the end of the reporting period 99.45 % of total fund assets were aligned with environmental or social characteristics according to the investment strategy (#1, see also information under "To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?"). 0.55 % of total fund assets were other investments (#2, see also information under "What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?").

66.97 % of total fund assets were sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives aligned with Art. 2 (17) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation) (#1A, see also information under "What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?" and "What was the share of socially sustainable investments?").



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.

The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investment.

● **In which economic sectors were the investments made?**

Investment structure	Proportion Fund in %
Information Technology	94,99
Consumer Discretionary	4,40
Cash	0,52
Materials	0,09
Gesamt / Total	100,00



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

At the end of the accounting year, the level of investments in economic activities that are environmentally sustainable within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy Regulation did not exceed a de minimis level.

● **Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy ¹?**

☐ Yes:

☐ In fossil gas

☐ In nuclear energy

☐ No.

Not applicable.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

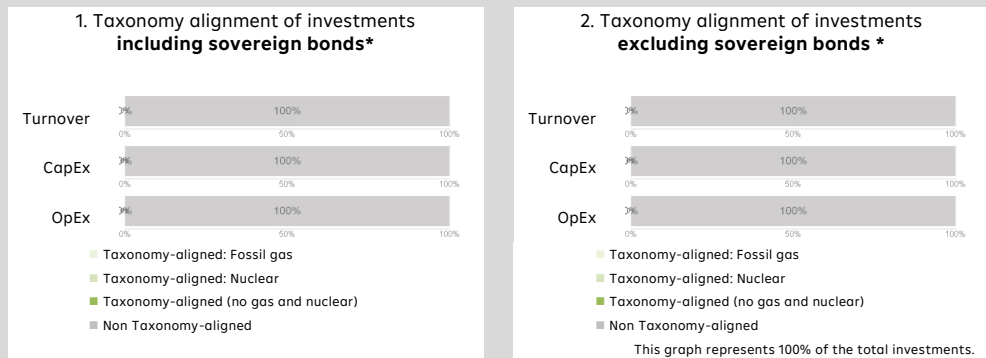
Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflects the "greenness" of investee companies today.
- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds..



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

At the end of the accounting year, the level of investments in economic activities that are environmentally sustainable within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy Regulation did not exceed a de minimis level.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Within previous reference periods the level of investments in economic activities that are environmentally sustainable within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy Regulation did not exceed a de minimis level.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The sustainability of an economic activity is assessed on the basis of the Raiffeisen ESG indicator. As this is comprised of environmental and social objectives, it is not sensible to differentiate between the individual shares for environmental and social investments. At the end of the accounting period, the actual share of investments that pursued environmental and social objectives was 66.97 % of the fund assets.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The sustainability of an economic activity is assessed on the basis of the Raiffeisen ESG indicator. As this is comprised of environmental and social objectives, it is not sensible to differentiate between the individual shares for environmental and social investments. At the end of the accounting period, the actual share of investments that pursued environmental and social objectives was 66.97 % of the fund assets.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investments that neither qualify as a sustainable investment nor are aligned with environmental or social characteristics were sight deposits. Sight deposits were not subject to the sustainability criteria of the investment strategy and were used primarily for liquidity management. Accruals and deferrals were included in the position "other".



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the fund was continuously monitored against defined limits as part of the internal limit system.

With regard to ESG (environmental, social, and governance) factors, the investment strategy contained mandatory negative criteria, a comprehensive sustainability-related analysis, and the construction of a portfolio taking the ESG score and ESG momentum into account. During this process, especially high importance was placed on the quality of the company and the business model. A high degree of sustainability and fundamental strength were the key aspects for an investment.

More detailed information on the implementation of the engagement policy can be found in the annual engagement report on the website of the management company in the section "Our Topics/Sustainability" within the paragraph "Policies & Reports".

Appendix

Imprint

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